T-362 Wakefield Easton vicinity Private

Wakefield is an important dated example of the smaller scale dwellings built by a large percentage of the Talbot County population during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Built in 1786, the main house, a two-story, one-room plan brick dwelling, is modest in size, but nevertheless representative of the moderately well-to-do class of Talbot County planters for the late eighteenth century. Built of Flemish bond with an excavated cellar and full second story, the interior is finished with well-crafted eighteenth century woodwork. The mantel shelf and molded surround that frames the first floor fireplace is especially noteworthy. The staircase is framed with beaded board walls, however the handrail and balusters appear to have been replaced during the early nineteenth century. Of contemporary age to the main house is a single-story kitchen wing originally built with a pent eave on the southeast side.

During the nineteenth century the old brick house underwent a significant alteration with the addition of a two-and-a-half story cross-gabled frame house which altered the orientation of the dwelling. Originally built with an focus towards Dixon Creek, the new frame addition was designed to face the road. Typical of the Civil War era, the side hall/parlor dwelling is fitted with period woodwork including the stair and paneled doors.

Dating from the early nineteenth century is the only surviving outbuilding, a common bond brick dairy topped by pyramidal roof. The subterranean interior retains an early shelf fixed to three walls.

Richard Bartlett, a Quaker planter, financed the construction of the brick house on a portion of his father's land that he had inherited during the mid eighteenth century. The 1783 federal tax assessment for Talbot County lists Richard Bartlett's plantation, part of "Ratcliff Mannor," with its improvements; described as "one Old framed dwelling house and seven other Small outhouses chiefly poor thin soil on the Water." Three years later Richard Bartlett started construction of the two-story, one-room plan brick dwelling with an adjoining single-story brick kitchen. The inventory of his goods and chattels, which included the brick molds that were probably used in the construction of the house, was assessed at £448.2.8, a sum that is reflective of the mid-level position Bartlett held as a Talbot County planter. Following his death in 1795, the house was occupied by his wife Rebecca, but his will devised eventual ownership to his son, Joseph, after he reached 21 years of age.

At the time of the 1798 Federal direct tax, the assessors visited the Bartlett plantation once again and described the improvements as:

Sit on Third Haven Creek, 1 Brick 2 Story Dwelling House 24 by 18, 2 windows 50 by 24, 4 Do 40 by 24, 4 windows 20 by 16 at 250\$-1 Brick Kitchen 1 story adjoining 16 by 15 1/2 1 window 40 by 24, 2 Do 32 by 20, 50\$, 1 Milk House wood 8 by 6, 4\$, 1 Cyder House wood 15 by 10, 8\$, 1 Meat Ho, 8 by 8 4\$, 1 Stable 16 by 14 shed 16 by 10, 10\$, 1 old stable no value, 1 foul house 10 by 8, ..\$ on 1 Acre Lott at 20\$.

The 1798 tax assessment description details well the main house in addition to the range of wooden buildings that supported a modest sized Talbot County planetation at the end of the eighteenth century. The fact that the kitchen was built adjoining the main dwelling was an unusual feature that did not become common in smaller houses until the mid to late nineteenth century. Joseph Bartlett died in 1810 at age 27, so the

Page 3

"Wakefield" house fell to his wife Rhoda. Three months after his death, Joseph and Rhoda Bartlett's oldest son, Joseph, was born. After achieving maturity, Joseph Bartlett inherited his grandfather's plantation and eventually sold it in November 1834 to Thomas R. Dawson of Baltimore. A few months later the land transferred once more to Isaac Bowers, who resided on the farm until his death. Evidently it was during Isaac Bowers' ownership that the Bartlett land on Dixon Creek became known as "Wakefield." He stated in his will of December 1868:

I give, devise, and bequeath to my two sons John Howell Bowers and Isaac Bowers, Jr. from and after the death of my said wife Rebecca, all that farm or plantation whereon I now reside in Talbot County, commonly called 'Wakefield' or by whatever name or names, the same may be known, purchased by me of Thomas Dawson of the City of Baltimore

John Howell and Isaac Bowers held the property for three years following their father's death, and then sold the 128-acre farm to John Williamson in July 1871 for \$4,000. Although Williamson only owned the property for three years he appears to have been responsible for financing the construction of the frame addition. The next long-term owners, Thomas B. and Anna W. Baker, purchased the farm from Williamson for \$7,150, a significant increase in value that suggests a major improvement. The Bakers retained title to the land until October 1892 when the Bartlett house with the same 128 acres was transferred to William H. Brown. During the early twentieth century the property was held by a series of owners until Thomas M. and Jeanine B. Bartlett purchased the house and a few acres in 1959.

## HISTORIC CONTEXT INFORMATION

Resource	Name: WAKEFIELD
MHT Inve	ntory Number: T-362
MARYLAND	COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA:
1)	Historic Period Theme(s): ARCHITECTURE AGRICULTURE
2)	Geographic Orientation: EASTERN SHORE
3)	Chronological/Developmental Period(s):
	RURAL AGRARIAN INTENSIFICATION AGRICULUTURAL-INDUSTRIAL 1680-1815 TRANSITION 1815-1870
4)	Resource Type(s): SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLING, 1786 with
	c. 1870 addition
	Dairy, c. 1830

Survey No. T-362

# Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

DOE \_\_yes \_\_no

Magi No.

1. Nam	<b>le</b> (indicate	preferred name)		
historic	WAKEFIELD			
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	27594 Wakefi	eld"Lane		not for publication
city, town	Easton	x vicinity of	congressional district	First
state	Maryland	coui	nty Talbot	
3. Clas	sification			
Category  districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered xnot applicabl	Status  X occupied  unoccupied  work in progres  Accessible  X yes: restricted  yes: unrestricted  no	entertainment government	museum park park religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prop	erty (give name	s and mailing address	ses of <u>all</u> owners)
name	Mr. and Mrs.	. Thomas M. Bart	lett	
street & number	27594 Wakefi	ield Lane	telephone	no.:
city, town	Easton	sta	ate and zip code MD	21601
5. Loca	ation of Le	gal Descrip	tion	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Talbot County C	lerk of Court	liber 357
street & number	Talbot Count	y Courthouse		folio 83
city, town	Easton		state	MD 21601
6. Rep	esentatio	n in Existing	Historical Sur	veys
title	Maryland His	toric Sites Inve	entory	
date	1977	•	federal st	ate county local
pository for su	rvey records Ma	ryland Historica	al Trust	
city, town	Annapolis		state	MD 21401

## 7. Description

Survey No. T-362

Condition  excellent  good  fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one  X original s moved	ite date of	move				· · ·
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The historic property known as Wakefield is located at the end of a tree-lined road—Wakefield Lane—which intersects Bloomfield Road one-half mile south of MD Route 33 and two miles west of Easton, Talbot County, Maryland. The property borders Dixon Creek, a tributary of the Tred Avon River. Facing southwest, the two-and-a-half story, side hall/parlor front block is oriented on a northwest/ southeast axis.

The front portion of the house was erected around 1860, and it is supported by a low brick foundation. The walls are sheathed with a layer of German siding and the steeply pitched wood shingle roof has a centered cross gable and extended eaves. The rear wing, oriented on a perpendicular axis to the front block, is a two-part brick section that follows a stepped profile. The center section, now used as a dining room on the first floor, is dated by two bricks to 1786. A fully excavated cellar of three course common bond walls support the Flemish bond walls above grade for the two-story one-room plan original house, while three-course common bond walls enclose the attached kitchen, also dated by a brick to 1786. The medium pitched roofs covering both sections are sheathed with wood shingles and finished on the ends with plain bargeboards. The only outbuilding is an early nineteenth century common bond brick dairy topped by a pyramidal roof.

The southwest (main) facade is a asymmetrical three-bay elevation with a side entrance and two-over-four sash windows flanked with louvered shutters. The heavily molded four-panel front door is framed by multipane sidelights and a transom. Sheltering the first floor is a chamfered post hip roof porch. The second floor is marked by paired single-pane sash windows with louvered shutters in the center bay, and standard two-over-two sash windows pierce the flanking bays. The center cross gable above features an arched two-over-two sash window that lights the attic bedroom.

The southeast gable end is dominated by a single-story five-sided bay window pierced on each face with two-over-two sash windows. On the second floor paired single-pane sash windows are centered above the bay window and another arched sash window lights the attic. The northwest gable end, on the other hand, is defined by off-center two-over-two sash windows on each floor that retain louvered shuttters as well, and an arched two-over-two sash marks the upper gable.

The north side of the side hall/parlor frame section is largely covered by the two-story Flemish bond brick wing. Two bays across by one room deep, the brick house has a half-brick wide watertable, and the two rooms are served by an an interior end brick chimney that has been raised above its original height due to the Victorian addition.

(continued)

Page 2

### WAKEFIELD DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

The south side of the original one-room plan brick house is marked by a partially glazed side door, covered by a gable roofed stoop. Located to the right of the porch bench is one of the inscribed "1786" bricks. A nine-over-six sash window fills the adjacent bay, while a three-pane cellar window is located at grade level. The second floor is pierced by two six-over-six sash windows. Finishing the base of the roof is a boxed cornice.

On the opposite side of the Flemish bond house is the same side entrance and flanking nine-over-six sash window, although a chamfered post porch covered by hip roof extends across the first floor and shelters a rear entrance into the front frame section as well. A second datebrick inscribed "1786" is located at knee level between the door and window. The second floor is pierced by two six-over-six sash windows.

Attached to the northeast gable end of the Flemish bond dining room section is a story-and-a-half three-course common bond kitchen wing. Since the kitchen wing roof is only a single story high, a pair of four-pane windows pierce the gable end of the dining room wing to light the attic.

The kitchen wing is a two-bay, one-room plan structure that has a dated brick on the south side directly right of the six-over-six sash window. A partially glazed side door fills the adjacent bay. Exposed above the side door and window are the butt ends of the floor joists, which suggest the former existence of a pent eave. On the opposite side of the kitchen, the right bay, now a window, was originally a door, and seams below the window sill indicate its former location. The adjacent bay is filled with a six-over-six sash window. Unlike the opposite side, the ends of the floor joists are not exposed. Marking each side of the medium pitched gable roof are small cross-gabled dormers pierced by paired six-pane windows. An interior end brick stack rises through the gable end. Extending from the north end of the kitchen is a shed roofed enclosure that partly shelters a gable end door.

The interior of the front frame block has remained largely intact as has the two-story dining room wing. The kitchen, on the other hand, has been reworked. Distinguishing the generously sized front entrance hall is a period stair with a boldly turned newel post, turned balusters and a scroll decorated stringer. Four-panel doors with ogee inset moldings are framed by bulls-eye block surrounds.

The adjacent room or parlor is fitted with period woodwork as well including a plain mid century mantel and bulls-eye block surrounds. A chair rail molding-the profile taken from the dining room-has been introduced into the parlor as well as a cornice molding.

The second floor is simply finished with bulls-eye block surrounds framing four-panel doors. An enclosed stair rises to the finished attic, which now contains two bedrooms.

### Page 3

The center dining room wing retains much of its eighteenth century woodwork. Highlighting the south wall is a wide fireplace framed by an original beaded edge surround topped by a robust mantel shelf. Fixed in the northwest corner is the eighteenth century stair which was reworked with an early nineteenth century railing. A slender square newel post and narrow stick balusters support a circular profile handrail. Below the plain stringer the stair box is enclosed with a beaded board wall. Wrought nails, visible underneath the staircase, are evident in its construction. Beaded edge chair rail trims the dining room.

The adjacent kitchen wing, located on a lower level than the dining room, has been completely reworked with modern cabinets and appliances. The floor joists, cut by a pit saw, are exposed. During the process of renovation a large cooking fireplace was removed.

The second floor rooms over the dining room and kitchen are simply finished. Small fireplaces with arched firebox openings serve each room. A ladder stair rises in the second floor hall to a trap door that provides access to the divided attic. Finished with plaster walls, the partitioned attic retains a board door with wrought hardware.

The only outbuilding is an early nineteenth century common bond brick dairy, topped by a pyramidal roof. The five-course common bond brick structure includes a subterranean cellar and one layer of early shelving. The front wall is pierced by a diagonal board door, while the other sides are marked by louvered openings. The pyramidal roof is covered with wood shingles.

1400 1500 1600 X_ 1700	uistoric archeology-prehis )–1499 archeology-histor )–1599 _X_ agriculture )–1699 _X_ architecture )–1799 art )–1899 commerce	te—Check and justify below toric community planning c conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific	dates 1786	Builder/Architect		
check:	Applicable Criteria:    and/or Applicable Exception: Level of Significance	ABCD	_EFG _x local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

> Wakefield is an important dated example of the smaller scale one-room plan dwellings built by a large percentage of the Talbot County population during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Built in 1786, the main house, a two-story, one-room plan brick dwelling, is modest in size, but nevertheless representative of the moderately well-to-do class of Talbot County planters for the late eighteenth century. Built of Flemish bond with an excavated cellar and full second story, the interior is finished with well-crafted eighteenth century woodwork. The mantel shelf and molded surround that frames the first floor fireplace is especially noteworthy. The staircase is framed with beaded board walls, however the handrail and balusters appear to have been replaced during the early nineteenth century. Of contemporary age to the main house is a singlestory kitchen wing originally built with a pent eave on the southeast side.

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Dating from the early nineteenth century is the only surviving outbuilding, a common bond brick dairy topped by pyramidal roof. subterranean interior retains an early shelf fixed to three walls.

#### HISTORY AND SUPPORT

8. Significance

Richard Bartlett, a Quaker planter, financed the construction of the brick house on a portion of his father's land that he had inherited during the mid eighteenth century. The 1783 federal tax assessment for Talbot County lists Richard Bartlett's plantation, part of "Ratcliff Mannor," with its improvements; described as "one Old framed dwelling house and seven other Small outhouses chiefly poor thin soil on the Water." Three years Richard Bartlett started construction of the two-story, one-room plan brick dwelling with an adjoining single-story brick kitchen.

(continued)

Page 2

#### HISTORY AND SUPPORT (CONTINUED)

The inventory of his goods and chattels, created after his death in the fall 1795, included a set of brick molds probably used in the construction of the house. Bartlett's total inventory was assessed at L448.2.8, a sum that is reflective of the mid-level position he held as a Talbot County planter. Following his death in 1795, the house was occupied by his wife, Rebecca, but his will devised eventual ownership to his son, Joseph, after he reached 21 years of age.

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The 1798 tax assessment description details well the main house in addition to the range of wooden buildings that supported a modest sized Talbot County plantation at the end of the eighteenth century. The fact that the kitchen was built adjoining the main dwelling was an unusual feature that did not become common in smaller houses until the mid to late nineteenth century. Joseph Bartlett died in 1810 at age 27, so the "Wakefield" house fell to his wife Rhoda. Three months after his death, Joseph and Rhoda Bartlett's oldest son, Joseph, was born. After achieving maturity, Joseph Bartlett inherited his grandfather's plantation and eventually sold it in November 1834 to Thomas R. Dawson of Baltimore. A few months later the land transferred once more to Isaac Bowers, who resided on the farm until his death. Evidently it was during Isaac Bowers' ownership that the Bartlett land on Dixon Creek became known as "Wakefield." He stated in his will of December 1868:

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John Howell and Isaac Bowers held the property for three years following their father's death, and then sold the 128-acre farm to John Williamson in July 1871 for \$4,000. Although Williamson only owned the property for three years he appears to have been responsible for financing the construction of the frame addition. The next long-term owners, Thomas B. and Anna W. Baker, purchased the farm from Williamson for

### Page 3

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10.	Geographical Data	
_	of nominated property  Jie name  Frences do NOT complete UTM referen	Quadrangle scale
AZone	Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
C E G		D
Verbal bo	oundary description and justification	
List all si	tates and counties for properties overlap	ping state or county boundaries
state	code	county code
state	code	county code
11.	Form Prepared By	
name/title	Paul B. Touart, Architect	ural Historian
organizatio	on Private Consultant	date 4/29/91
street & nu	umber P. O. Box 5	telephone 301-651-1094
city or tow	vn Westover	state MD 21871

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

### INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME	
HISTORIC TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOT	
AND/OR COMMON	
Wakefield	Server to the server of the server of
2 LOCATION	
STREET & NUMBER OF THE OWN TO THE RESERVENCE OF THE STREET AND THE	the comment of the second
off Md. Rt. 33, south of Bloomfield on B	
CITY, TOWN	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
Easton vicinity of	First
Maryland	Talbot
3 CLASSIFICATION	
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS	PRESENTUSE
DISTRICTPUBLICOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURÉMUSEUM
BUILDING(S) PRIVATEUNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIALPARK
STRUCTUREBOTHWORK IN PROGRESS	
SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE  OBJECTIN PROCESSYES: RESTRICTED	ENTERTAINMENTRÉLIGIOUSGOVERNMENTSCIENTIFIC
	MILITARYOTHER:
A OWNER OF PROPERTY  NAME Thomas Bartlett	Telephone #:(301) 822-0766
STREET & NUMBER Wakefield, Rt 5, Box 496	
Easton	STATE, zip code Maryland 21601
5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE.	Liber #: 357 Folio #: 83
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Talbot County Courthouse	
Washington Street	
CITY, TOWN	STATE
Easton	Marvland 21601
6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS	<b>S</b>
TITLE	
DATEFEDERAL	LSTATECOUNTYLOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	
CITY, TOWN	STATE

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

**CHECK ONE** 

\_\_EXCELLENT √GOOD

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNALTERED **✓**ALTERED

✓ORIGINAL SITE

\_\_FAIR

\_\_RUINS \_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_MOVED DATE\_

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

This 18th century, two story brick house has a one and one-half story brick kitchen to the north and a two story , frame Victorian addition running perpendicularly to the south. The original house has a 1:3 common bond brick cellar, one large room on the first floor, and one room partitioned off from the stair on the second floor and in the attic. The kitchen has one room on the first floor and one in the loft. A stair hall on the west and one room on the east comprise the frame section.

The original house has a door and a 9/6 window in each of the east and west sides on the first floor, and two 6/6 windows on each second floor side, two 2/2 windows light the north end of the attic. A hip roofed porch supported by champhered posts runs along the west side. There is a stair on the north and a chimney on the south. The fine mantel has ogee and cavetto moldings. The open stair framed in simple beaded boards runs straight along the wall before turning the corner. There is one rectangular baluster on each There is a cupboard and a small fireplace in the chimney block on the second floor. On the second floor a ladder leads to the finished attic.

A brick in the kitchen is dated 1786. This section has a large fireplace and a door on the north, a door and 6/6 sash window on the east, and two 6/6 windows on the west. The attic, now lit by two cross-gables, is reached by the main stair. It is heated by a small fireplace. Northeast of the kitchen stands a brick pyramid roofed spring house.

In the main room of the frame section a fireplace backs up to the one in the original house. This room is lit by a bay window on the east and two floor to ceiling sash windows on the south. A porch runs along the south side. The entrance door has side lights and a transom. The long panels of the door have arched tops. The stair has a large turned newel post. The hall is lit by a west window on each floor, and a west window on the second floor. The south side has three windows on the second floor and the east side has one. The attic is lit by a lunette window in a cross gable and in each end.

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	_LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	<b>∠</b> ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<b>√</b> 1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<b>1</b> 800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY INVENTION	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES	BUILDER/ARG	HITECT	

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

In form Wakefield is like many late 18th and early 19th century dwellings in Talbot, however, it is relatively small in scale and lacks the full development of a building like Reed's Creek in the lower end of the county. Wakefield has many good features typical of the late 18th century and is noteworthy because of them. Its later addition is relatively typical of late 19th century but it too retains many good features of its period.

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF	NECESSARY
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA  ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
	A DELLA DELLA DELLA CALLETTA DE COLUNTA DI LES
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PRO	OPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	COUNTY
STATE	COUNTY
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE	
Michael Bourne, Architectura	l Consultant, & Merry Stinson
ORGANIZATION	April, 1977
Maryland Historical Trust	TELEPHONE
Shaw House, 21 State Circle	
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Annapolis	Maryland 21401

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RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

James Austin James Leatin of the form Catent was 200 and the form of John Bowie . Abanyo Beffield Abango Sof Aton their Hoven Bruch & Bruch Liberia Bartlett Mebecca Bartlett Develing House 24 by 18. 2 windows 50 by 15 D. 40by 24-4D. 20by 16-41250 & 13med Mithen 1 Story Djoning 16by 15 1 1 10m 200 18 by 24. 22. 32 by 20. 50 & 1 Milk Hornes by 6 #16 gentleman son 15 by 100 & 1 milk 8 D 16 by 710 \$ 100 D. 11 Wales I food N.5. Ston Mandeeling 6

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T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
Chain of title

357/83

J. McKenny Willis, Jr. Macqueen G. Willis

tο

8/18/1959

Thomas M. Bartlett Jeaninê B. Bartlett

"Wakefield" Parcel A as shown upon a map made by Kastenhuber and Anderson entitled, "Map showing a Partition of 'Wakefield" Surveyed for J. McKenny Willis, Jr." June 1959

349/299

Van®Rensselaeŕ Carýÿ Martha M. Cary

tο

9/2/1958

J. McKenny Willis, Jr. Macqueen G. Willis

'Wakefield' formerly belonging to Amanda Lee Norris

JTB 294/348

Robert HG Davise

tο

12/15/1951

Van Rensselaer Cary Martha M. Cary

113/21

the lands hereby conveyed being formerly part of Ratcliffe Manor now called and known by the name "Wakefield" containing 110 acres being the same property of which Isaac Bowers died seized and which is described in a plot and certificate made by Greenbury Turbutt, Surveyor of Talbot County, 8/16/1837

211/282

Lawrence S. Cherbonnier Ipha H. Cherbonnier

T-362 WAKEFIELD Easton vicinity Cháin of title continued

Page 2

tο

9/6/1927 Amanda Lee Norris May Dixon Norris Burky

James Dixon, Guardian of Richard T. Norris

159/187 William H. Brown El Louisa Brown

tο

5/1/1911 Lawrence S. Cherbonnier

\$12,000 128 acres

being formerly known as part of Ratcliffe Manor but recently by the name of "Wakefield"

Thomas B. Baker
Anna W. Baker

tο

10/8/1892 William H. Brown

\$8,000 -mentions 1837 survey- 128 acres

JFT 80/315 John Williamson

tο

10/7/1874 Thomas B. Baker

\$7,150 all that land which Isaac Bowers died seized 128 acres

JB 77/293 John H. and Isaac Bowers

T-362 WAKEFIELD Easton vicinity Cháin of title

7/31/1871

John Williamson

formerly known as part of Rackliffe Manor but more recently by the name of "Wakefield"

\$4,000 128 acres

TNC 11/321

Last will and testament of Isaac Bowers

tο

12/23/1868

John H. and Isaac Bowers

Secondly-I give, devise, and bequeath to my
two sons John Howell Bowers and Isaac
Bowers, Jr. from and after the death
of my said wife Rebecca, all that farm
or plantation whereon I now reside in
Talbot County, commonly called "Wakefield"
or by whatever name or names, the same
may be known, purchased by me of Thomas
Dawson of the City of Baltimore containing
on or about one hundred and thirty acres

JL 51/446

Thomas Dawson Catherine Dawson

tο

12/4/1834

Isaac Bowers \$2,100.00

JL 51/445

Joseph Bartlett, City of Baltimore (only child and heir of Joseph Bartlett deceased)

tο

11/22/1834

Thomas R. Dawson

Part of Ratcliff@Manor 133 acres \$1,550.00

JP 5/105

Last will and testament of Richard Bartlett

tο

11/15/1795

Joseph Bartlett

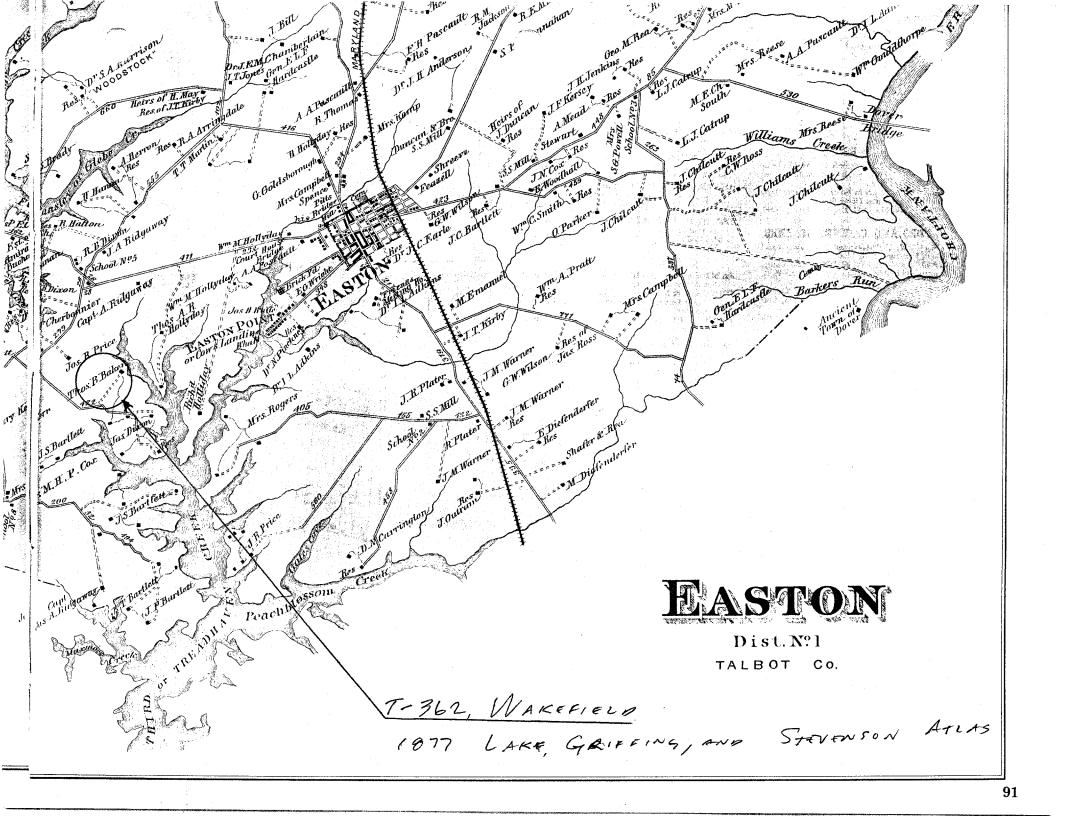
Secondly, I give and devise to my son Joseph Bartlett all my Real Estate being part of a Tract of land call'd Ratcliff Manor after he arrives to the Age of Twenty one Years to him his Heirs and Assigns forever...

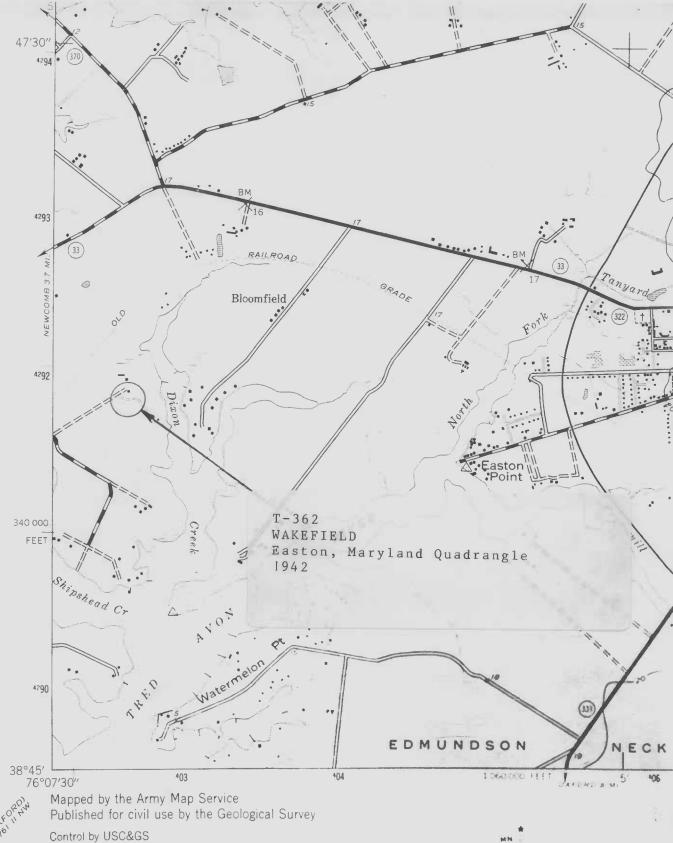
JP E/410

Inventory of Richard Bartlett

12/19/1795

Total assessment £ 448.2.8



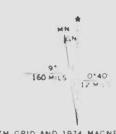


Topography from aerial photographs by photogrammetric methods and by planetable surveys 1942. Aerial photographs taken 1942

Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum 10,000-foot grid based on Maryland coordinate system 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 18, shown in blue

Revisions shown in purple compiled by the Geological Survey from aerial photographs taken 1974. This information not field checked

Purple tint indicates extension of urban areas



UTM GRID AND 1974 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET



15 x1,65

75% 362

T-36Z Wakefield Northwest elev. Merry Stinson 3/1977

Neg-MHT

Like The state of the state of

T-362 Wakeful



T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
Northwest elevation
4/91, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/MD Historical Trust



T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
North elevation
4/91, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/MD Historical Trust



T-362 WAKEFIELD Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD Northeast elevtion 4/91, Paul Touart, photographer Negative/Md Historical Trust



T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
Southwest elevation
4/91, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/MD Historical Trust



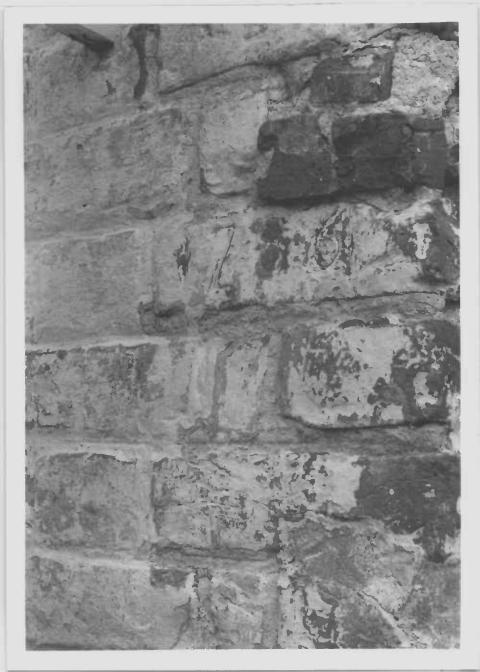
T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
Southeast elevation
4/91, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/MD Historical Trust



T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
Dairy, southwest elevation
4/91, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/MD Historical Trust



T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
Datebrick on kitchen wing, southwest
side
4/91, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/MD Historical Trust



T-362
WAKEFIELD
Easton vicinity, Talbot County, MD
Datebrick on main house, southwest
side by doorway
4/91, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/MD Historical Trust